It’s impossible to ignore the impact of COVID-19 on our lives and our world. I write this knowing how difficult and painful this year has been for many of you. Reflecting on the challenges we face navigating this global pandemic, I find myself simultaneously feeling loss and hope. The last nine months have disproportionately impacted the most vulnerable in our world, with the number of people facing acute hunger doubling to 250 million this year. With a global economic recession, we anticipated RTV partner households to significantly regress. Thankfully, our partner households continued to move towards progress and remained above the extreme poverty line.

When a family completes our cluster program, they make sustainable development gains regardless of the economic environment. Given their ability to overcome unexpected hardships, we remain optimistic that our partner families will bounce back from this major development shock. However, with the uncertainty of the coming months, we anticipate increased hardship through 2021. To soften the blow of the pandemic, we have been working on sustainable solutions such as our new Ready-To-Eat garden boxes.

As we review our performance over the last year, we have a deeper understanding of the trends, improvements, and impact of the RTV cluster model. We’re encouraged by the positive results we’ve seen with seven cohorts of village partners, including four cohorts that have successfully graduated. Despite being affected by the pandemic, our overall outcomes remained positive.

We continue to learn, grow, and innovate. With help from our friends and partners at Alteryx, Esri, and the Department of Economics at Oxford University, our Ugandan Planning, Evaluation, and Learning (PEAL) team made a significant leap forward in its measurement and data analytics capacity. We were able to complete our evaluations applying best practices in randomized control studies, adding another level of rigor to our analysis. Whether the outcomes are positive or negative, our goal is to find truths that contribute to finding solutions to end ultra poverty in our generation.

On behalf of our team and partners, I am proud to share our 2020 impact report with you.

With thanks and gratitude,

Shawn Holden Cheung
Founder + CEO
Ultra poverty is one of the most challenging and complex issues of inequality we face today. Nearly 400 million people earn less than $1.25 per day, living without access to food, water, safe shelter, education, and healthcare. 80% of the world’s ultra poor live in just 14 countries.

We partner with last-mile, rural communities in Uganda to develop initiatives that pave a pathway out of ultra poverty towards economic self-sufficiency. We create space and invest time to make these partnerships healthy and successful. Through a one-time investment model, we create a development plan that is low-cost, livelihood based, and community driven. Our programs are designed to engage all village members, with an emphasis on women, youth, and vulnerable households, to help them achieve economic self-sufficiency within 24 months.
### Our Reach

**2016 COHORT**
- **Beneficiaries**: 23,913
- **Households**: 5,845
- **Villages**: 26

**2017 COHORT**
- **Beneficiaries**: 35,783
- **Households**: 7,408
- **Villages**: 48

**2018 COHORT**
- **Beneficiaries**: 52,240
- **Households**: 10,579
- **Villages**: 78

**2019 COHORT**
- **Beneficiaries**: 67,556
- **Households**: 14,221
- **Villages**: 103

**2020 COHORT**
- **Beneficiaries**: 97,565
- **Households**: 19,975
- **Villages**: 191

**Total**
- **Beneficiaries**: 277,057
- **Households**: 58,028
- **Villages**: 447

**Goal by 2023**
- **1 Million Beneficiaries**
After 4 years of tracking and analyzing progress data from 7 cohorts, 447 Village partners, 58,028 households, and 277,057 beneficiaries, here is what we have learned:

**RETURN ON INVESTMENT**

At the 24-month graduation point, the one-time investment of $75 dollars creates $492 in household value when compared to their peers, realizing an ROI of 556%.

**INCREASED DAILY INCOME**

RTV partner families increased their daily income and earnings from $0.95 to $2.20 within 24 months, earning $0.79/day more than their peers.

**SUSTAINED OUTCOMES**

By year 4 of the program, RTV partner household wealth continues to grow, realizing a $1,140 growth in net value over their peers for an ROI of 1,420% on the initial one-time investment.

**END TO EXTREME POVERTY**

Despite development shocks caused by the global recession, partner households have been able to stay above the extreme poverty line of $1.90/day.
## Key Findings

### AT YEAR 2

Our Year 2 findings are an average of RTV’s graduated cohorts to date, with a full breakdown by cohort found in the year over year evaluation on page 12.

All partner cohorts remained above the extreme poverty line.

RTV household gains were 2.5x their peers over the same period.

Asset gains are equivalent to owning 2 more goats than their peers.

Progress out of poverty indicators surpassed the national average of 20 by year 3.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>BASELINE</th>
<th>YEAR 1</th>
<th>YEAR 2</th>
<th>BASELINE</th>
<th>YEAR 1</th>
<th>YEAR 2</th>
<th>BASELINE</th>
<th>YEAR 1</th>
<th>YEAR 2</th>
<th>GRADUATION</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>HOUSEHOLD INCOME + EARNINGS / DAY</strong></td>
<td>0.95</td>
<td>1.73</td>
<td>2.20</td>
<td>0.99</td>
<td>1.38</td>
<td>1.45</td>
<td>-0.04</td>
<td>0.35</td>
<td>0.75</td>
<td>1.14</td>
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<td><strong>ANNUAL TOTAL HOUSEHOLD NET VALUE</strong></td>
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<td>779</td>
<td>993</td>
<td>474</td>
<td>652</td>
<td>663</td>
<td>-35</td>
<td>127</td>
<td>330</td>
<td>492</td>
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<td><strong>HOUSEHOLD INCOME</strong></td>
<td>211</td>
<td>436</td>
<td>556</td>
<td>216</td>
<td>316</td>
<td>339</td>
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<td>120</td>
<td>217</td>
<td>342</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>HOUSEHOLD NET EARNINGS</strong></td>
<td>135</td>
<td>197</td>
<td>246</td>
<td>145</td>
<td>190</td>
<td>189</td>
<td>-10</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>57</td>
<td>74</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>LIVESTOCK ASSETS</strong></td>
<td>93</td>
<td>146</td>
<td>191</td>
<td>113</td>
<td>146</td>
<td>135</td>
<td>-20</td>
<td>0</td>
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<td>76</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>GRAMEEN PPI</strong></td>
<td>26.1</td>
<td>23.3</td>
<td>20.4</td>
<td>31.7</td>
<td>30.8</td>
<td>29.9</td>
<td>-5.6</td>
<td>-7.5</td>
<td>-9.5</td>
<td>-3.9</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Earlier this year, Raising The Village embarked on a randomized control study alongside Dr. Emma Riley, Oxford University, and Dr. Mahreen Mahmood, University of Exeter. A part of that evaluation included the opportunity to better understand the impact of COVID-19 on rural households in Uganda. Together, we surveyed 1,266 households, across 14 villages, in 2 districts, over a period of 6 months.

**OUR RESPONSE: READY-TO-EAT GARDEN BOXES**

In response to the unexpected income loss resulting from COVID-19, and with the goal of protecting productive assets, RTV launched our new Ready-To-Eat (RTE) garden box initiative. To date, these RTE garden boxes have successfully reached 220,000 beneficiaries across Western Uganda, and we’re on track to reach one million more by early 2021.

**WHAT’S IN THE BOX**

- 150 local variety vegetable seedlings.
- Designed to fit within a 5x5 meter garden area.
- Crops are harvest-ready in 3-4 weeks from distribution.
- Provide sustainable food supply for a family of 5.
- At least one nutritious meal per day over a 12-month period.
- Aimed at de-risking crop rearing at its most vulnerable growth stage.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MONTH 2</th>
<th>INCOME COMPARED TO PRE LOCKDOWN</th>
<th>NET BORROWING (DEBT)</th>
<th>FIXED ASSETS</th>
<th>MISSED MEALS</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>↓ 60%</td>
<td>↑ 100%</td>
<td>No change</td>
<td>50%</td>
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</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MONTH 6</th>
<th>INCOME COMPARED TO PRE LOCKDOWN</th>
<th>NET BORROWING (DEBT)</th>
<th>FIXED ASSETS</th>
<th>MISSED MEALS</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>↓ 40%</td>
<td>↑ 400%</td>
<td>No change</td>
<td>10%</td>
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</table>
Double Pandemic: COVID-19 and Ultra Poverty

The COVID-19 crisis is stunting economic activity and magnifying the number of people living at or below the poverty line. The World Bank projects over 49 million people will be pushed into extreme poverty, and the World Food Programme projects the number of people facing acute food insecurity stands to rise to 265 million. Between these adverse effects and the virus itself, for many families this truly does feel like a double pandemic.

Families like Lawrence Byarugaba and his 6 children, living in Rwemishinya village in Kanungu District. Like many in his village, Lawrence’s livelihood deteriorated following the market disruptions brought on by the government imposed lockdown measures in the wake of the pandemic. “My family and I reached a point where we would eat plain matooke (plantains) on a daily basis because we did not have money to buy sauce”, revealed Lawrence.

Our RTE garden box initiative was created with families like Lawrence’s in mind. 46,000 households in southwestern Uganda have received RTE seed kits with crops that are harvest ready in 3-4 weeks, and serve as a reliable and sustainable food source for 220,000 beneficiaries. This is one of the ways we are immediately responding to the most urgent need of families in Western Uganda as they navigate this unprecedented crisis.

“I can now invest the money I would have used to buy vegetables, to buy other things like posho and invest in my children’s education.”

Lawrence with his wife and six children at their home in Rwemishinya Village, Kanungu District.
Understanding
What’s Driving Impact

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>INCOME DRIVERS*</th>
<th>RTV</th>
<th>CONTROL</th>
<th>DIFFERENTIALS</th>
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<td>FORMAL EMPLOYMENT</td>
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<td>20</td>
<td>46</td>
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<tr>
<td>SELF-INCOME / BUSINESS</td>
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<td>45</td>
<td>92</td>
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<td>CASUAL LABOUR INCOME</td>
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<td>PERENNIAL CROP INCOME</td>
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<td>SEASONAL CROP INCOME</td>
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<td>108</td>
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<tr>
<td>LIVESTOCK INCOME</td>
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<td>44</td>
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<tr>
<td>TOTAL INCOME</td>
<td>211</td>
<td>436</td>
<td>556</td>
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</table>

*Amounts shown are USD
<table>
<thead>
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<th>Earnings Drivers*</th>
<th>RTV Baseline</th>
<th>RTV Year 1</th>
<th>RTV Year 2</th>
<th>Control Baseline</th>
<th>Control Year 1</th>
<th>Control Year 2</th>
<th>Differentials Baseline</th>
<th>Differentials Year 1</th>
<th>Differentials Year 2</th>
<th>Differentials Graduation</th>
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<td>80</td>
<td>95</td>
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<td>Season 2 Harvest Value</td>
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<td>84</td>
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<td>Livestock Income + Consumption Value</td>
<td>31</td>
<td>43</td>
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<td>31</td>
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<td>33</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>4</td>
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<td>Total Earnings</td>
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<td>353</td>
<td>460</td>
<td>225</td>
<td>311</td>
<td>335</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>42</td>
<td>125</td>
<td>165</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net Earnings</td>
<td>135</td>
<td>197</td>
<td>246</td>
<td>145</td>
<td>190</td>
<td>189</td>
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<tr>
<td>Livestock Assets</td>
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<td>146</td>
<td>191</td>
<td>113</td>
<td>146</td>
<td>135</td>
<td>-20</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>56</td>
<td>76</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Amounts shown are USD
Behaviour Change In Action

Core to RTV’s methodology is a focus on addressing the constraints, which limits a household’s ability to operate efficiently and maximize their earnings and quality of life.

WORK

RTV partners spend **25 hours** more than their peers on productive economic activities outside the home every month.

WATER

Households reduced their collection time for a jerry can of water from 78 to **50 minutes**. The round-trip of 750 meters is nearly half of the original distance.

LESS CHORES

Each month, RTV partners spend **36 hours less** on non-income generating activities like fetching water and firewood.

SLEEP

RTV partner households sleep **6 hours**, almost a full night’s sleep more than their peers every month.

HOUSEHOLD ANNUAL GOALS

When asked about primary households goals over the next year, the top 5 household responses:

- **42%** Increasing livestock
- **21%** Home improvement
- **19%** Purchasing land
- **6%** Saving
- **6%** Starting a new business
- **6%** Other

On average, RTV households saved **19% more per month** than their peers.
Reaching The Most Vulnerable

The RTV model prioritizes broad community engagement and ensures the most vulnerable participate in our programs. We ran a regression analysis to better understand our ability to reach the most vulnerable households. Partner households were evenly divided into quartiles based on their income profiles with their progress compared to respective peer groups at baseline. RTV’s highest level of impact is with the most vulnerable households earning less than $1.25/day.

*** 99% very significant impact
** 95% significant impact
– no/determined impact

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>IMPACT OUTCOMES</th>
<th>HOUSEHOLD INCOME/ DAY</th>
<th>&lt;$0.54</th>
<th>$0.54–$0.76</th>
<th>$0.76–$1.22</th>
<th>&gt;$1.22</th>
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<tbody>
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<td>***</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>LIVESTOCK ASSETS</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>PPI</strong></td>
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<td>–</td>
<td>***</td>
<td>**</td>
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<td><strong>SELF-EMPLOYMENT/ CASUAL LABOUR INCOME</strong></td>
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<td>***</td>
<td>***</td>
<td>***</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>RENT INCOME</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>REMITTANCES + GIFTS</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>***</td>
<td>**</td>
<td>***</td>
<td>**</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>LIVESTOCK INCOME</strong></td>
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<td><strong>PERENNIAL INCOME</strong></td>
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<td><strong>SEASONAL INCOME</strong></td>
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<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
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<td><strong>PERENNIAL CROP VALUE</strong></td>
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<td>–</td>
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<td>***</td>
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</table>
Innovate
Evaluate
Iterate

Reflecting on the First Four Cohorts

Core to RTV is our value for innovation and continuous improvement. As we track the progression of our village partners, we want to ensure that we continue to do things better, faster, and cheaper. Even within the context of a global pandemic, our most recent cohorts continue to demonstrate improvements in our approach to addressing the priorities of the ultra-poor.

### Household Annual Net Value (USD)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>2016 Kisoro Cohort</th>
<th>2017 Kisoro Cohort</th>
<th>2018 Kisoro Cohort</th>
<th>2018 Kanungu Cohort</th>
<th>Kisoro Peer Group</th>
<th>Kanungu Peer Group</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2016</td>
<td>216</td>
<td>561</td>
<td>458</td>
<td>519</td>
<td>302</td>
<td>518</td>
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<tr>
<td>2017</td>
<td>743</td>
<td>647</td>
<td>838</td>
<td>889</td>
<td>609</td>
<td>723</td>
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<td>2018</td>
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<td>465</td>
<td>742</td>
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<tr>
<td>2019</td>
<td>1164</td>
<td>1095</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>810</td>
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<tr>
<td>2020</td>
<td>844</td>
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<td></td>
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<td>641</td>
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### Household Daily Income and Earnings (USD)

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<tr>
<th></th>
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<th>Year 2</th>
<th>Year 3</th>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>0.45</td>
<td>1.73</td>
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<td></td>
<td>1.17</td>
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<td>0.98</td>
<td>1.87</td>
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<td><strong>2018 Kanungu Cohort</strong></td>
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<td>0.59</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1.15</td>
<td>1.52</td>
<td>1.63</td>
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### Grameen Progress Out of Poverty Index (%)*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Baseline</th>
<th>Year 1</th>
<th>Year 2</th>
<th>Year 3</th>
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<td>26.1</td>
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*Uganda's national average is 20%
Always Innovating

Every new cohort presents the opportunity to refine and improve our work with constant measurement and feedback. As a result, our partner households are realizing outcomes at a faster and higher rate.

01 MAXIMIZING AGRICULTURAL RETURNS

The introduction of organic pesticides and liquid manure, along with soil and water management, have reduced input costs while the introduction of crop varieties has opened up new opportunities.

02 INTRODUCING VILLAGE LIVESTOCK TEAMS

Training community members with new skills and building capacity at the local level with additional levels of animal care in the areas of illness and outbreak control.

03 TIMING AND EFFICIENCY

Refining our community entry and improving our delivery timing to ensure we prioritize the address key time constraints, allowing for households to thrive.
Development Outcomes

- **Families’ Toilet Access**
  - Graduation: 100%
  - Baseline: 91%

- **Household Radio Ownership**
  - Graduation: 70%
  - Baseline: 60%

- **Household Phone Ownership**
  - Graduation: 80%
  - Baseline: 69%

- **Shoes for Each Family Member**
  - Graduation: 40%
  - Baseline: 67%
Livestock Assets

At 24 months, households held $76 more in livestock assets than their peers:

+1.5
CHICKENS

+1
GOAT

+0.75
SHEEP

+ INCREASED VARIETIES
Pigs, ducks, rabbits, cows and turkeys.
To create an environment for inclusive development, RTV prioritizes fair representation and gender empowerment to see more women and youth represented in the decision making process in their communities.

RTV projects helped create nearly 38 new leadership opportunities in every partner village with the roles maintained post-graduation. With a 364% increase in avenues for civic engagement, the profile and type of members who get to participate goes beyond the village elite.
Empowering Women, One Village at a Time

More than half of all farmers in Eastern Africa are women. Despite this, they aren’t able to produce half as much as their male counterparts because of the many disadvantages they face in their local communities. These include restricted access to land, financial exclusion, and lack of agricultural inputs.

One of the many women farmers we’ve come to know is Gladys Karaikudi. Gladys is a 43 year-old wife and mother with 8 children. Recently, Gladys was able to participate in our Ready-To-Eat garden box program and received support with agricultural input. Households that participated in this new initiative received kits with spinach, kale, eggplants, cabbages, nakati, nightshades, spider plants, amaranth, beetroot, pumpkins, carrots and sukuma wiki — most ready to harvest in 3 to 4 weeks.

Participating households were also trained in proper agronomic practices to ensure effective production. This sensitizes the communities to fully maximize their small gardens.

We asked Gladys to share her experience with us:
“There are nutritious vegetables I have never grown in my own garden but now I have them. Raising The Village gave us seedlings, which are growing well in my garden — I even started harvesting some. I used to plant only for home consumption but now I can sell my crops and make money to support my family.”

Growth in small-scale agriculture is 2 to 4 times more effective in reducing hunger and poverty than any other sector, with female farmers like Gladys playing a critical role. If equipped with the right tools and resources, many communities will be uplifted from poverty and hunger thanks to the hard work and devotion of these incredible women.
Vulnerable Households

Single parent households represent a vulnerable group in our partner villages. Despite the progress we’re making, a lot more work still needs to be done.

WOMEN-HEADED HOUSEHOLDS

RTV women-headed households earned $0.31 more per day, 25% more than their peers.

Within 24 months, partner households earned $147 more than their peers, with casual labour and harvests leading the way.

At graduation, women-headed households own productive assets equal to 1.5 more goats than their peers.
YOUTH-HEADED HOUSEHOLDS

Youth-headed households represent families where the head of the household is between 18–30 years old. Breaking through extreme poverty early in life, sets up future generations on a path of resilience and rapid development.

+$0.82
PER DAY
At graduation, youth-headed households earned an average of $2 per day, which is $0.82 more per day than their peers.

x 2
LIVESTOCK ASSETS
Productive livestock assets doubled over 24-months, representing a 50% improvement over their peers.

+$487
NET VALUE
Household gained $487 over their peers with gains driven by the doubling of harvests and income from casual labour.
As we look to 2021, we will continue to advance our programs through our learnings and the next iteration of our analytics.

**MEASURING PANDEMIC IMPACT AND TAKING ACTION**

With the ongoing impact of COVID-19 on Ugandan households, we will focus on furthering our near-term initiatives to soften development shocks and support a quicker rebound in areas where we operate.

**REAL-TIME DATA AND AGILE PIVOTS**

Instead of waiting for an annual report on impact, our daily work with Alteryx and ArcGIS allows us to find opportunities to pivot and make swift adjustments within very short time frames. This also enables us to share our analysis and findings with our partners with greater frequency.

**TO THE FUTURE**

Considering all our learnings and data, we will develop predictive forecasting and analytics to understand trends and revise designs to ensure we achieve our goals.

**THIRD PARTY**

The randomized control study launched with Dr. Riley, Oxford University, and Dr. Mahmood, University of Essex in 2020 will continue through 2021, with all implementations launched by the end of 2021.
How We Measure

We practice the highest available levels of statistical accuracy to present the clearest possible picture of RTV’s work and impact to our supporters. Whether the findings reveal negative or positive results, we prioritize transparency, integrity, and accurate reporting, all of which help us in finding real solutions to end ultra poverty.

Rooted in our values of continued learning and improvement, Raising The Village has further enhanced our measurement capabilities to increase the statistical power of our findings.

01 MEASUREMENT

Using Stata, RTV applies a ‘difference of differences’ approach by comparing RTV partners villages and non-participating communities. Measuring through the principles of a randomized control study, we randomly selected households and tracked them year after year as a part of the longitudinal study.

02 SAMPLING POWER

In 2020, we surveyed a total of 6,678 households across 256 partner villages, achieving a statistical power of 99.99%. Best practices for statistical power sit anywhere between 80% to 100%. To avoid the mirage of impact, we like to keep things on the high end.

03 ACHIEVING NORMAL DISTRIBUTION

We sample to achieve a normal distribution at a 95% confidence level. We removed outliers representing 6% of all samples to ensure the best representation of impact and to avoid a ‘heavy-tailed’ distribution which may distort findings.

04 CONTRACTORS

To keep our findings and results as independent as possible, we leveraged contractors to collect information for analysis.

05 CONSULTATION

Thanks to our collaboration with Dr. Riley, Oxford University and Dr. Mahmood, University of Essex, we aim to measure progress with the highest levels of accuracy using the best and most innovative methods and practices available.

06 ADJUSTING FOR INFLATION

We take current inflation figures into account to reflect the present state of our world and offer the truest representation of progress. This version includes a conversion to U.S. dollars for our Western copy.
We form clusters of last-mile communities that have existing economic and social relationships, live in geographic proximity, and share key infrastructure. In partnership with our clusters, we focus on 3 key areas:

01 REMOVING IMMEDIATE BARRIERS TO LIVELIHOODS
02 DEVELOPING DIVERSE INCOME GENERATING PROJECTS
03 BUILDING LOCAL CAPACITY AND ENGAGEMENT TO CONTINUE PROGRESS

RTV PARTNER FAMILY

- Subsistence farmers living on less than 1 acre
- Earn less than $1.25/day
- Persistent undernourishment and food scarcity
- Require more than 1 hour to collect 20 litres of water
- Limited access to basic healthcare, no affordable access to emergency care
**MONTH -3**
RTV meets with district governments to identify at-risk populations with limited access to services and high poverty rates. Reviews ensure RTV activities align with government development plans.

**MONTH -2**
Government introduces RTV to communities to ensure strong relationship building and coordination. A series of community-wide focus groups engaging women, youth, children, and the elderly, drive the village prioritization and goal-setting process.

**MONTH -1**
Community-wide design sessions are conducted to ensure full village participation around proposed community projects, with an emphasis on women and youth engagement. The community then votes and selects 7-10 projects that are finalized in a signed formal agreement.

**MONTH 0**
Community members, local government leaders, and RTV come together to review and confirm program commitments.

**MONTH 0–6**
The 6 month intensive program begins by addressing barriers to participation such as lack of access to water, sanitation, and health (WASH) before rolling out livelihoods programming that includes training and demonstrations in agriculture, livestock, and financial literacy. Seeds and livestock are distributed to the first cohort of households and group beneficiaries.

**MONTH 6–12**
Refresher trainings and outreach programs are completed. The first cohort of households and community groups pass on seeds and livestock inputs to the second group.

**MONTH 12–24**
RTV continues household follow-up and mentorship of project groups for successful adoption and habit creation.

**MONTH 24**
Communities are now independently managing initiatives and graduate from the program.
Together, we can achieve what is impossible alone. Thank you to our partners for believing in what we do and generously supporting our work.

Addax & Oryx Foundation
DAK Foundation
David Weekley Family Foundation
Genesis Charitable Trust
Grapes for Humanity
Greater Impact Foundation
Imago Dei Fund
Montpelier Foundation
Mortenson Family Foundation
Pace Family Foundation
Peery Family Foundation
Planet Wheeler Foundation
RA5 Foundation
Sall Family Foundation
Segal Family Foundation
Tawingo Fund
Tecovas Foundation
Thankyou Charitable Trust
The F. Peter Cundill Foundation
Vibrant Village Foundation
Windfall Foundation
World Centric

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Alteryx
Esri Canada
The Government of Uganda